

THE HISTORY OF ZAMBIA

ABSTRACT

- Zambia was colonized from the 1880s to 1964.
- It was colonized by the British South African company and later in 1924 handed over to the British colonial office.
- It was not easy to survive but the Zambians fought for independence and made it through

INTRODUCTION

Since independence, Zambia has only had six (6) presidents as shown in the results

METHOD

The information in the research was collected through secondary sources of data, some which include:

- Text
- Google
- Wikipedia

DISCUSSION

Though Northern Rhodesia (Zambia) was colonized for a very long time, in its 53 years of independence it has made some developmental progress with each president making significant contributions to different sectors in the country.

ACHIEVEMENTS OF ZAMBIA'S PRESIDENTS



Kenneth D. Kaunda (1964-1991)
 - Fought for independence
 - Improved tourism attractions



Fredrick T. Chiluba (1991-2001)
 - Introduced home ownership
 - Declared Zambia a Christian nation
 - Introduced privatization of companies



Levy P. Mwanawasa (2001-2008)
 - Fought corruption
 - Built health institutions
 - Improved oil refining processes



Rupiah B. Banda (2008-2011)
 - Improved agricultural sectors

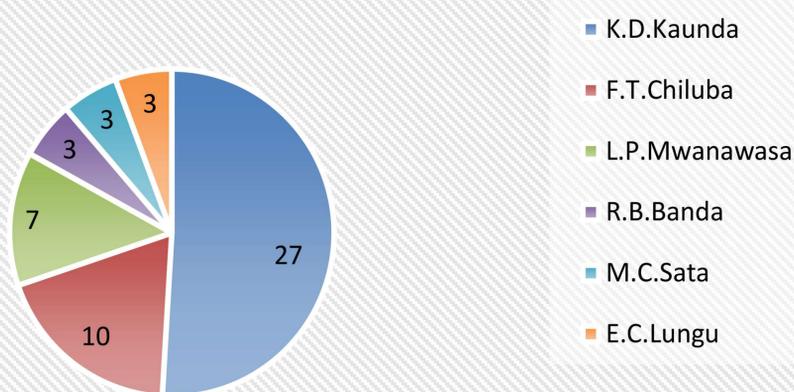


Micheal C. Sata (2011-2014)
 - Improved all types of Transport services in Zambia
 - Rebased the currency

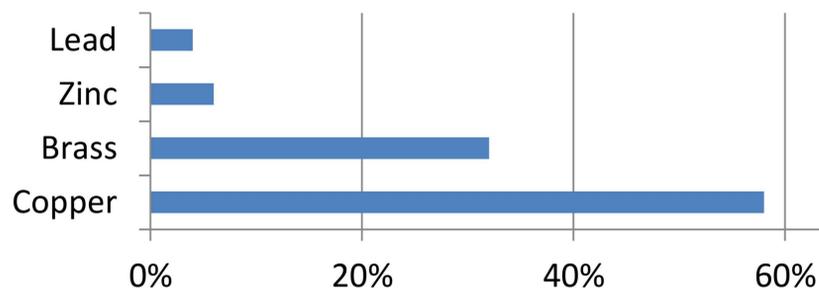


Edgar C. Lungu (2014-present)
 - Is focusing on educational institutions
 - Is continuing the legacy of Sata

Number of Years in Office



MINING ACTIVITIES IN ZAMBIA



CONCLUSION

We wish to see more developmental projects and more effort put in all the ministries of our country in order to improve the living standards of people of Zambia.

REFERENCES

- Zambian Secondary History; Author: Hantobolo. Page 56; Published in 1974.
- Progress in Social Studies; Authors: Mutale, Nsama and Innes. Oxford Publishing 2014